

PERSONALIZED MEDICINE IN SEVERE ASTHMA

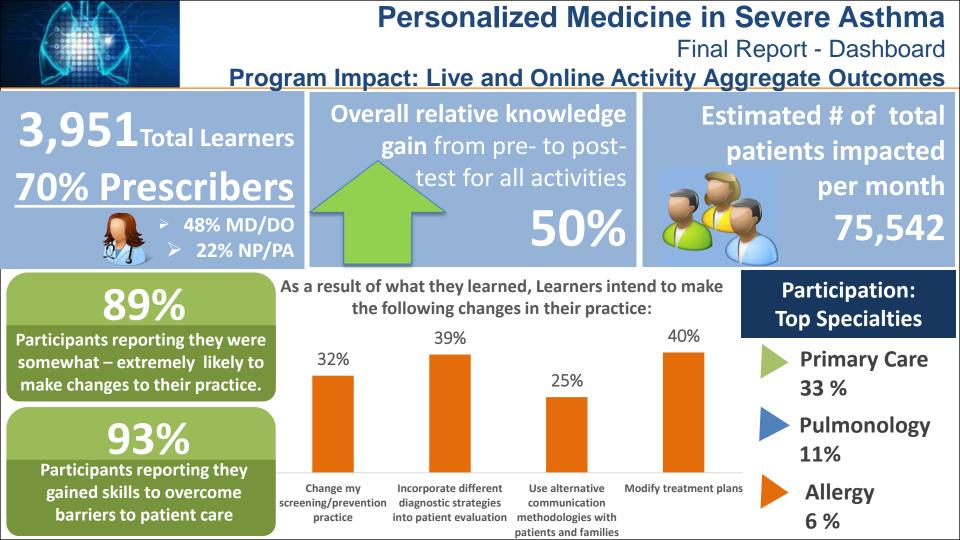
Applying Emerging Data and Treatments to Everyday Clinical Practice

Final Outcomes Report 07/23/18



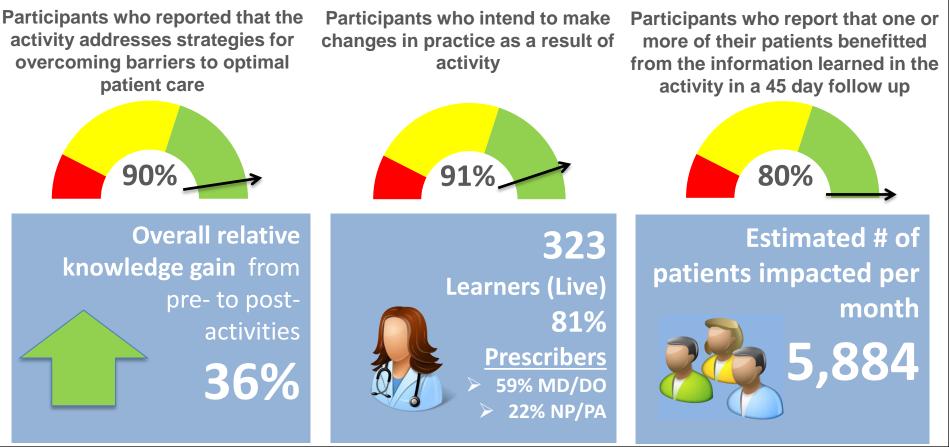
Applying Emerging Data and Treatments to Everyday Clinical Practice

36880883	Personalized Medicine in Severe Asthma; Applying Emerging Data and Treatments to Everyday Clinical Practice					
Educational Objectives 1. Describe key concepts in the pathophysiology of severe asthma. 2. Analyze recent clinical data of current and emerging targeted therapies and potential biomarkers for severe asthma. 3. Select personalized treatment approaches for severe asthma best suited to various phenotypes and endotypes.						
Intended Audience: pulmonologists, allergists and primary care physicians, as well as physician assistants and nurse practitioners Anticipated Reach: 270-360 Actual Reach: 323					Modality/# Activities: Live evening symposia consisting of interactive, case-based presentations	
			s (Live Activity): 2017 – 11/14/2017	Relevant Links: https://www.nationaljewish.org/educati on-training/pro-ed/live- events/severeasthmapm		
Outcomes Leve 2, Level 3, Level	els: Level 1, Level I 4, Level 5	Outcomes Planning: Pre-test and post-test; program evaluation; 45-day follow up survey				
Summary: The live portion of this educational initiative encompasses 10 meetings across the country featuring expert speakers, video patient cases, ARS polling and resources to help improve the knowledge and competence of pulmonologists, allergists and primary care physicians in the diagnosis, management, and treatment of severe asthma.						





Final Report - Activity Impact: Dashboard (10) Live Symposia



ALA

Final Report - Activity Impact: Dashboard Online Enduring Program Metrics (3 Modules)

Asthma: Symptoms to Pathophysiology (Module 1): ✓ Completers: 1,195 Total Learners: 1,929 Total Participants: 4,017 Current and Emerging Asthma Therapies (Module 2):

✓ Completers: 799

✓ Total Learners: 1,077

✓ Total Participants: 2,010

TOTAL PARTICIPATION Completers: 2,441

Certificates: 2,374

Learners: 3,628 Participants: 7,287



Participant Breakdown: 59% Prescribers > 37% MD/DO > 22% NP/PA

Overall relative knowledge gain from pre- to post activities 63% Roundtable Discussion on Personalized Treatment Approaches (Module 3):

- ✓ Completers: 447
- ✓ Total Learners: 622
- ✓ Total Participants: 1,230

222%

% of Completer

Guarantees

40%

Conversion Rate: Learner To Completer

86% of Learners

reported that they intend to make changes in practice as a result of the activity



Applying Emerging Data and Treatments to Everyday Clinical Practice

Live Activity Final Outcomes Report





Personalized Medicine in Severe Asthma Final Report (10) Live Symposia Background

Background:

The live portion of this educational initiative encompasses 10 meetings across the country featuring expert speakers, video patient cases, ARS polling and resources to help attendees convert information into practice. The goal of this program is to improve the knowledge and competence of pulmonologists, allergists and primary care physicians, as well as physician assistants and nurse practitioners in the diagnosis, management, and treatment of severe asthma.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Describe key concepts in the pathophysiology of severe asthma.
- 2. Analyze recent clinical data of current and emerging targeted therapies and potential biomarkers for severe asthma.
- 3. Select personalized treatment approaches for severe asthma best suited to various phenotypes and endotypes.







Personalized Medicine in Severe Asthma Final Report (10) Live Symposia Accreditation, Audience and Outcomes Strategy

Accreditation Details: In support of improving patient care, NJH is accredited by the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education (ACCME) to provide continuing medical education for physicians. NJH is also accredited by the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE) and the California Board of Registered Nursing (CBRN) to provide continuing education for the healthcare team. *NJH has designated the live evening symposia for a maximum of 2.0 AMA PRA Category 1 Credits*™.

Target Audience: Primary Care Physicians, Community Pulmonologists and Allergists are the primary target audience. Allied health professionals involved in the management of severe asthma are the secondary target audience. Anticipated reach includes approximately 270-360 attendees for the live series.

Educational Outcomes Strategy: Outcomes will be measured via participation totals, specialty, designation, pre-test, post-test, interactive polling questions, evaluations and 45-day follow-up surveys. The metrics will demonstrate participation, satisfaction, learning, engagement and change in knowledge, competency, and self-reported performance to achieve Moore's Level 4 outcomes.





Personalized Medicine in Severe Asthma Final Report (10) Live Symposia Faculty

Michael E. Wechsler, MD, MMSc

Co-Director, The Cohen Family Asthma Institute at National Jewish Health Professor, Department of Medicine, Division of Pulmonary, Critical Care and Sleep Medicine National Jewish Health, Denver, CO

Anthony Gerber, MD, PhD Associate Professor, Department of Medicine, Division of Pulmonary, Critical Care and Sleep Medicine Department of Biomedical Research National Jewish Health, Denver, CO

Flavia Hoyte, MD Associate Professor, Department of Medicine, Division of Allergy and Immunology Director, National Jewish Health/University of Colorado Adult Allergy and Immunology Fellowship Training Program National Jewish Health, Denver, CO







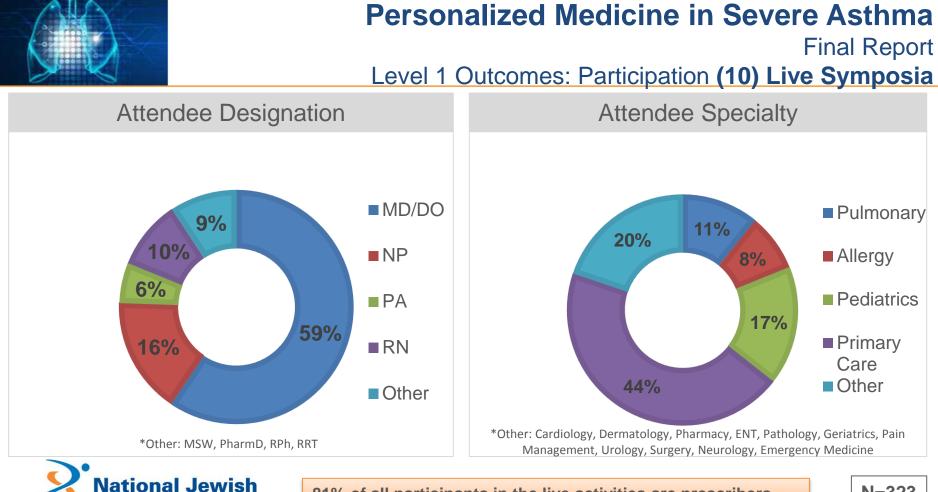




Final Report

Attendees Per City (10) Live Symposia

Dallas, TX: 6/20/2017	57	
Cleveland, OH: 7/27/2017	33	
Chicago, IL: 8/23/2017	38	
Dearborn, MI: 8/24/2017	29	
Seattle, WA: 9/27/2017	27	
San Jose, CA: 9/28/2017	27	
Miami, FL: 10/23/2017	32	
Tampa, FL: 10/24/2017	41	
Durham, NC: 11/7/2017	20	
Portland, OR: 11/14/2017	19	
Total Live Participation	<u>323</u>	
lational Jewish		



Health[®]

81% of all participants in the live activities are prescribers





Final Report

Level 2 & 3 Outcomes: Satisfaction and Learning (10) Live Symposia

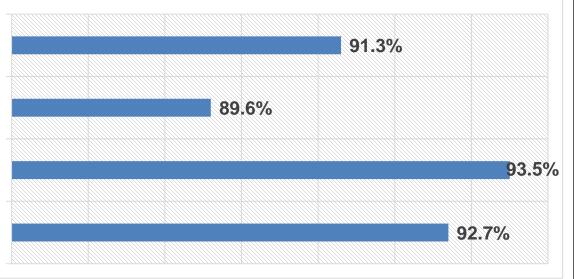
Participants reported that the activity was "Good" to "Excellent" at:

Improving your ability to treat or manage your patients

Enhancing your ability to apply the learning objectives to practice

Reinforcing and/or improving your current skills

Meeting their educational needs









Final Report

Pre-test/Post-test Questions (10) Live Symposia

Question 1

Which of the following clinical criteria factor into the "risk" aspect of classifying asthma control?

A.) Asthma Control Test (ACT) score

B.) Number of prednisone bursts in the past year, frequency of nighttime awakenings

C.) Frequency of albuterol use D.) Assessment of lung function (%predicted FEV1 or %personal best peak flow)

Question 2

Which of the following blood tests is a commercially available biomarker that is helpful in determining asthma phenotype/endotype?

- A.) Absolute lymphocyte count
- B.) Periostin level
- C.) Total IgE level
- D.) DPP4 (dipeptidyl peptidase 4)
- E.) Exhaled nitric oxide

Question 3

Which of the following biologic agents are approved for the treatment of severe persistent asthma characterized as Th2 high?

- A.) Mepolizumab
- B.) Lebrikizumab
- C.) Dupilumab
- D.) Benralizumab
- E.) Tralokinumab





Final Report

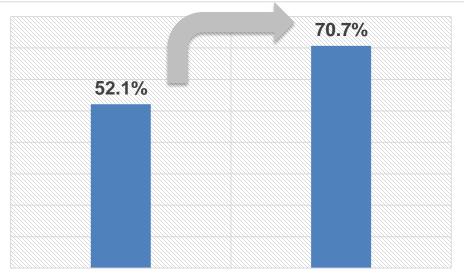
Pre-test/Post-test questions (10) Live Symposia

Question 4	Question 5	Question 6	Question 7
 Which of the following is NOT a criterion for the diagnosis of asthma? A.) History of symptoms consistent with intermittent airway obstruction B.) Physiologic testing confirming airway C.) Peripheral eosinophilia D.) Hypertrophy and hyperplasia of the smooth muscle cells 	 Which of the following does NOT represent an airway abnormality in asthma? A.) Increased mucus secretion B.) Thickening of the basement membrane in airways C.) Reduced number and size of airway smooth muscle cells causing "floppy airways" D.) Hypertrophy and hyperplasia of the smooth muscle cells 	Which of the following describes an asthma endotype? A.) Asthma in the elderly B.) Obese asthma C.) IL_5 mediated asthma D.) Nocturnal asthma E.) Occupational asthma	Which of the following is NOT a FDA approved biologic agent A.) Omalizumab B.) Mepolizumab C.) Dupilumab D.) Reslizumab E.) Tralokinumab



Final Report

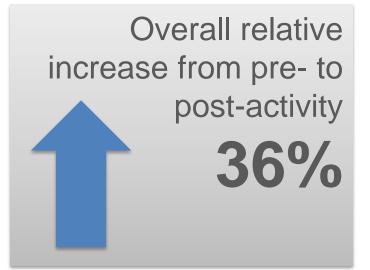
Level 3 & 4 Outcomes: Knowledge/Competence (10) Live Symposia



Pre-Test (N=235)

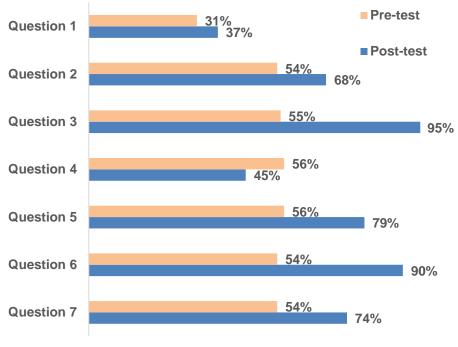
Post-Test (N=198)

Level 3 and 4 outcomes were measured by comparing participants' pre- and post-test answers. Attendees' responses to these questions demonstrated that **participants gained knowledge as a result of the activity.**

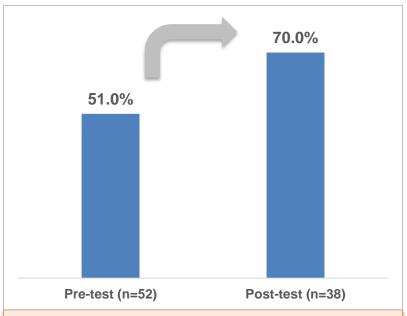


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Pre- to Post-Test Analysis: Dallas (10) Live Symposia



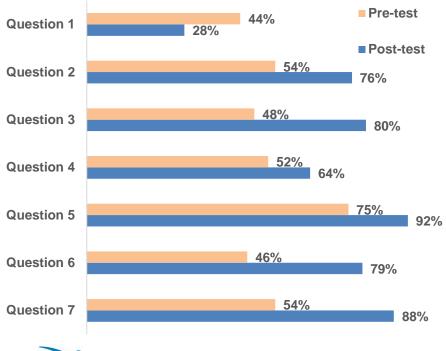




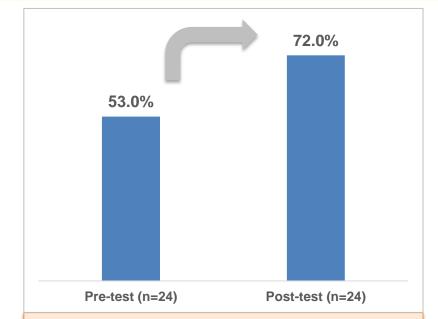
Average relative change in knowledge and competence: 37% increase from baseline to posttest. Since Question 4 saw a decrease from pre to post-test, the faculty have modified the question to make it more clear.

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Pre- to Post-Test Analysis: Cleveland (10) Live Symposia



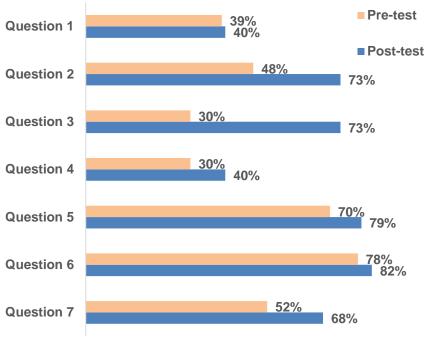




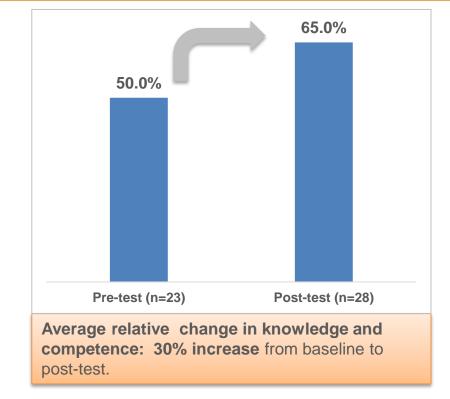
Average relative change in knowledge and competence: 36% increase from baseline to post-test. Since Question 1 saw a decrease from pre to post-test, faculty worked to address the content more clearly during their presentation.

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Pre- to Post-Test Analysis: Chicago (10) Live Symposia

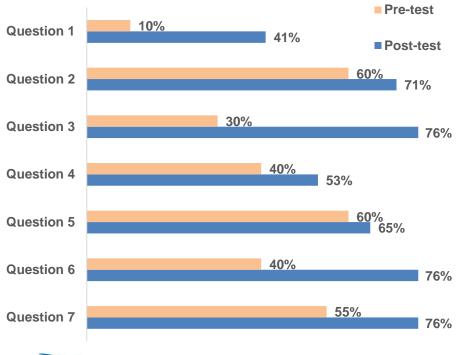




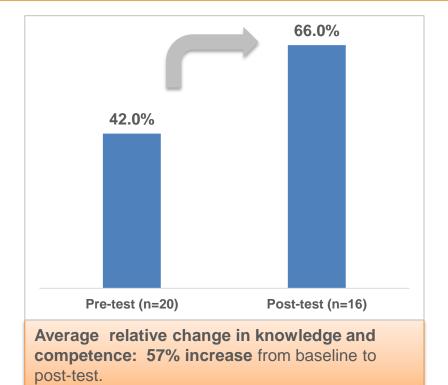


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Pre- to Post-Test Analysis: Dearborn (10) Live Symposia





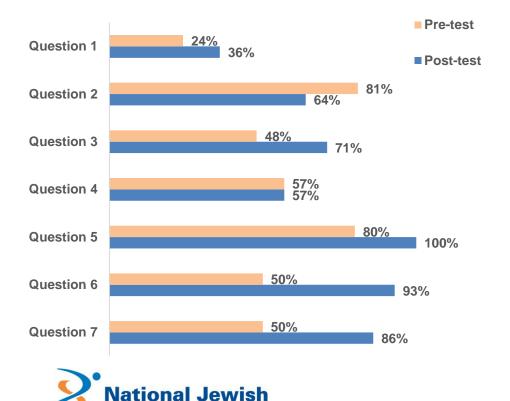


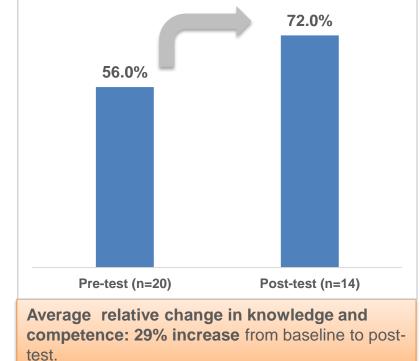
Health

Personalized Medicine in Severe Asthma

Final Report

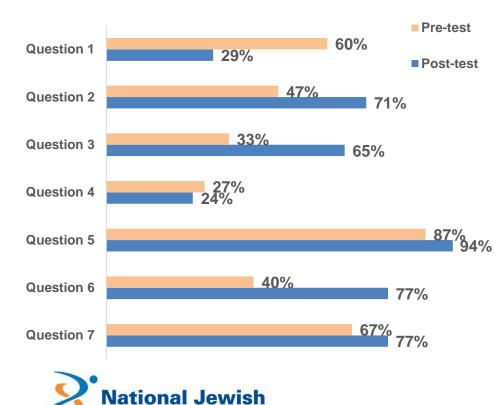
Pre- to Post-Test Analysis: Seattle (10) Live Symposia

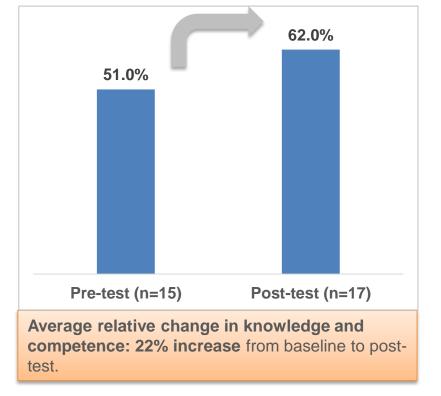




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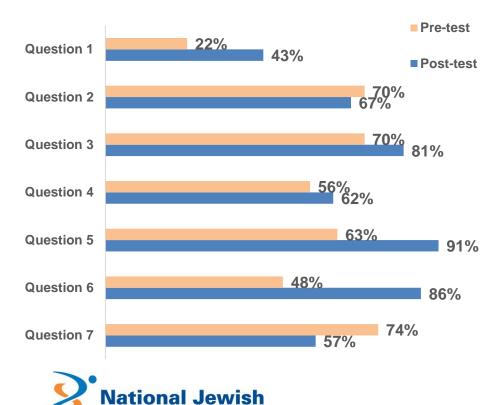
Pre- to Post-Test Analysis: San Jose (10) Live Symposia

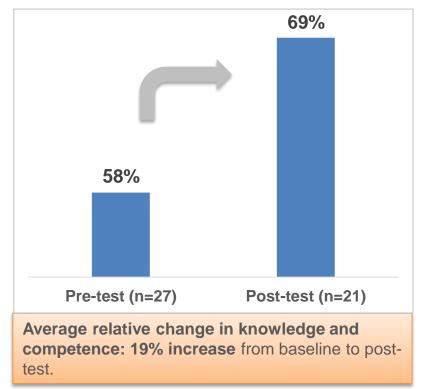




Final Report

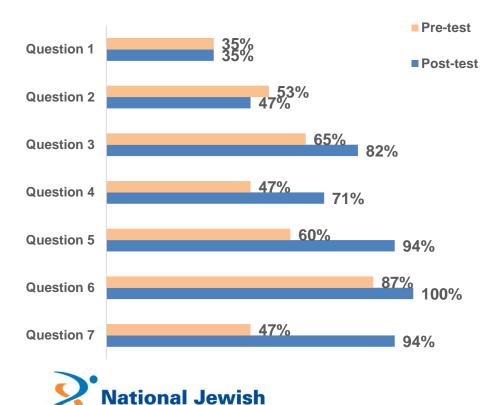
Pre- to Post-Test Analysis: Tampa, FL (10) Live Symposia

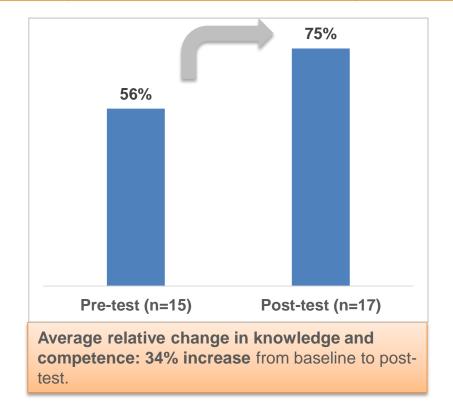




Final Report

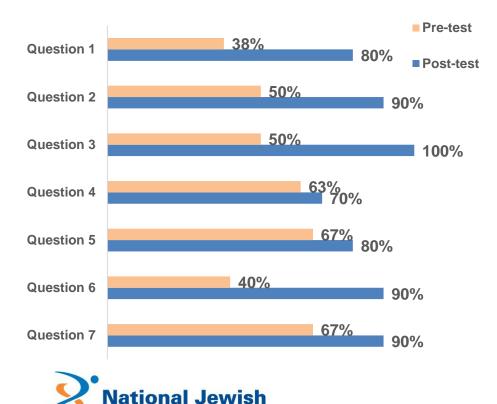
Pre- to Post-Test Analysis: Miami, FL (10) Live Symposia

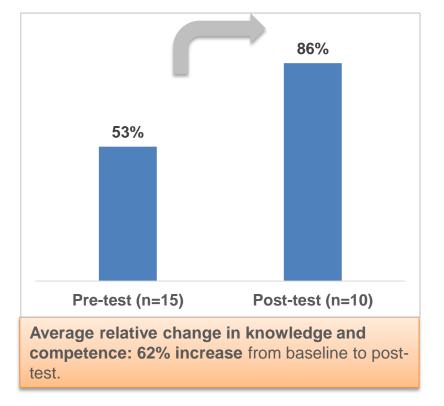




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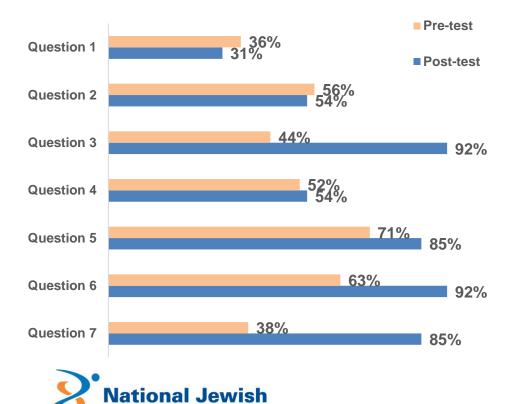
Pre- to Post-Test Analysis: Raleigh, NC (10) Live Symposia

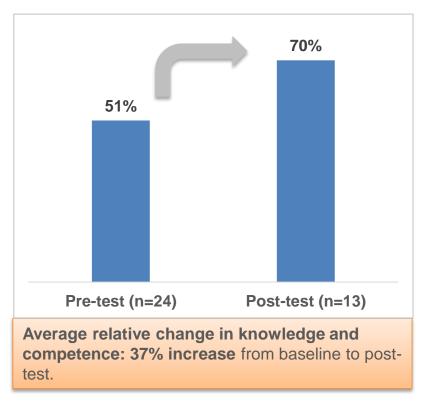




Final Report

Pre- to Post-Test Analysis: Portland, OR (10) Live Symposia







Final Report

Level 4 Outcomes: Competence (10) Live Symposia

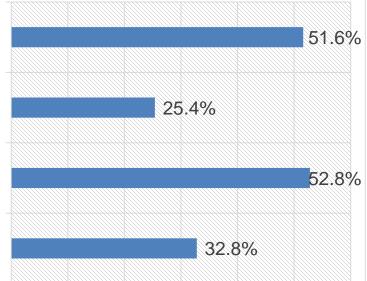
91% of participants report that they intend to make changes as a result of this activity. Those changes include:

Modify treatment plans

Use alternative communication methodologies with patients and families

Incorporate different diagnostic strategies into patient evaluation

Change my screening/prevention practice









Personalized Medicine in Severe Asthma Final Report Evaluation (10) Live Symposia

- ✓ 91% of participants reported that they intend to make changes in practice as a result of this activity
- 99% of participants reported that the content presented was evidence-based and clinically relevant
- ✓ 90% of participants reported that the activity addresses strategies for overcoming barriers to optimal patient care







Final Report

Feedback (10) Live Symposia



Key Lessons Learned

- Targets for different biologics
- Workup of refractory asthma
- Biologic medication management
- Importance of biomarkers in asthma diagnosis/management
- Treatment of refractory asthma
- New IL5 agents
- The changing paradigm for classifying asthma
- Looking at phenotypes and endotypes of asthma



Needs for Additional Education

- GERD
- Spirometry technique
- TB and other lung infections •
- COPD

- Use of biological agents in children
 - Asthma phenotypes
 - Pediatric asthma
 - The biological marker

What Attendees are Saying

"I enjoyed the conference very much, the staff was friendly and efficient with registration, the venue was great and the speaker was knowledgeable."

"It was a well balanced and informative presentation."

"Best presentation I have attended this year."



Final Report

Level 5 Outcomes: Self-Reported Performance (10) Live Symposia

78% indicated they were thinking about making changes in practice as a result of this activity 69% indicated they were provided new ideas or information they have used plan to use in practice **National Jewish** Health

80% report that one or more of their patients have already benefited from the information learned in the educational activity

The **top two changes** respondents have made or intend to make (for those that had not seen any patients in that target therapeutic area within the 45-day time period) are:

- Change my screening/prevention practice (42%)
- ✓ Modify treatment plans (54%)



Personalized Medicine in Severe Asthma Final Report ARS Group Questions (10) Live Symposia

One unique aspect of this program are the interactive group polling questions via audience response system (ARS), interspersed strategically in the presentation to segue into an important topic. The questions are asked of the entire group, however, each table of participants must discuss and select an answer together as a group using one ARS key pad instead of providing individual answers. Once the results show on the screen, the presenter provides rationale for the correct answer and can address as thoroughly as needed depending on the answers provided.

ARS Question 1

Based on this clip, how would you classify the patient's asthma using ERP-3 criteria from the most recent NHLBI guidelines published in 2007?

- A. Mild intermittent
- B. Mild persistent
- C. Moderate persistent
- **D. Severe persistent**



ARS Question 2

Based on what you know of our patient, which endotype or phenotype would best characterize our patient?

- A. Late-onset asthma
- B. Th2 high
- C. Th2 low
- D. Neutrophilic asthma

ARS Question 3

What is the next best step for the patient in our video? A. Omalizumab B. Mepolizumab C. Bronchial thermoplasty D. Reslizumab E. Continue current therapy and reassess in 8 weeks

*This question does not have just one answer and was used as a pool question to promote discussion amongst the audience.

Health *The ARS system did not capture the Tampa data. However, the ARS questions were still asked; the presenter had each table raise their hands to respond to the questions as opposed to using the ARS keypads, encouraging participation and engagement.



Final Report

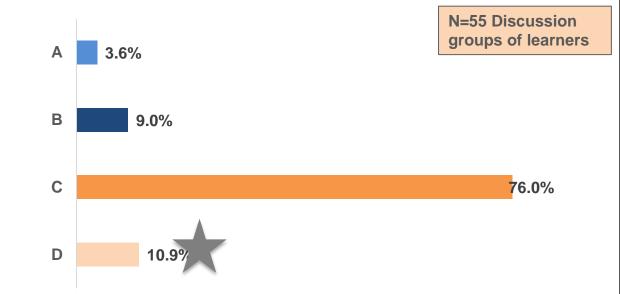
ARS Group Question 1 (10) Live Symposia

ARS Question 1

Based on this clip, how would you classify the patient's asthma using ERP-3 criteria from the most recent NHLBI guidelines published in 2007?

- A. Mild intermittent
- B. Mild persistent
- C. Moderate persistent
- D. Severe persistent





*Due to the low correct response rate, the presenters have made sure to cover this question thoroughly immediately following the responses to address the demonstrated gap. At the direction of the faculty, we added a slide after each of the ARS questions that helps facilitate the table discussion further before they select their answer as a group.



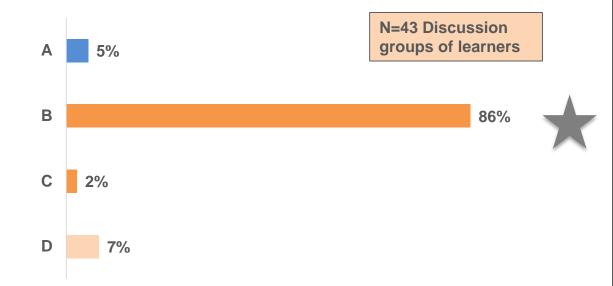
Final Report ARS Group Question 2 (10) Live Symposia

ARS Question 2

Based on what you know of our patient, which endotype or phenotype would best characterize our patient? A. Late-onset asthma **B. Th2 high** C. Th2 low

D. Neutrophilic asthma





*The majority of attendees answered this question correctly (B); therefore, the presenters were able to go more in depth on the topic as the baseline knowledge was higher. At the direction of the faculty, we added a slide after each of the ARS questions that helps facilitate the table discussion further before they select their answer as a group.



Final Report

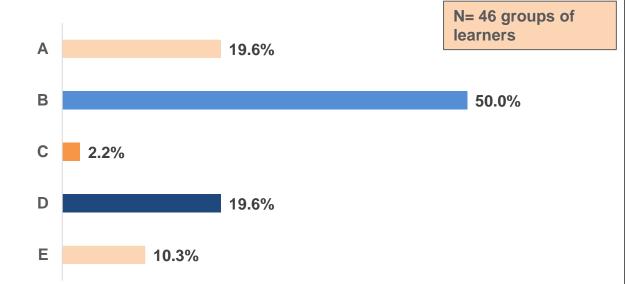
ARS Group Question 3 (10) Live Symposia

ARS Question 3

What is the next best step for the patient in our video?

- A. Omalizumab
- B. Mepolizumab
- C. Bronchial thermoplasty
- D. Reslizumab
- E. Continue current therapy and reassess in 8 weeks





*This question does not have a "right" answer. It was used to spark discussion amongst the audience. At the direction of the faculty, we added a slide after each of the ARS questions that helps facilitate the table discussion further before they select their answer as a group.



Applying Emerging Data and Treatments to Everyday Clinical Practice

Online Activity Final Outcomes Report Launched June 2, 2017





Applying Emerging Data and Treatments to Everyday Clinical Practice

36880883	Personalized Medicine in Severe Asthma; Applying Emerging Data and Treatments to Everyday Clinical Practice					
Educational Objectives 1. Describe key concepts in the pathophysiology of severe asthma. 2. Analyze recent clinical data of current and emerging targeted therapies and potential biomarkers for severe asthma. 3. Select personalized treatment approaches for severe asthma best suited to various phenotypes and endotypes.						
Intended Audience: Pulmonologists, Allergists, Primary Care Physicians and other health care professionals who treat patients with severe asthma. Anticipated Reach: 1,100 completers and 4,800 learners Modality/# Activities: Online enduring activity featuring 3 modules					Online enduring activity featuring 3	
-		Dates (Enduring Activity): June 2, 2017 – June 2, 2018		Relevant Links: https://severeasthmapm.njhealtheduca tion.org/		
Outcomes Lev 2, Level 3, Leve	vels: Level 1, Level el 4	Outcomes Planning: Pre-test and post-test; program evaluation				
Summary: The online portion of this educational initiative encompasses three modules featuring expert speakers and interactive polling and feedback, as well as a clinical reference aid and downloadable resources to help improve the knowledge and competence of pulmonologists, allergists and primary care physicians in the diagnosis, management, and treatment of severe asthma.						



Personalized Medicine in Severe Asthma Final Report – Online Enduring Program – (3) Modules Background

Background:

The online portion of this educational initiative encompasses three interactive modules featuring expert speakers in severe asthma. The goal of this program is to improve the knowledge and competence of pulmonologists, allergists and primary care physicians, as well as physician assistants and nurse practitioners in the diagnosis, management, and treatment of severe asthma.

Learning Objectives:

1. Describe key concepts in the pathophysiology of severe asthma.

2. Analyze recent clinical data of current and emerging targeted therapies and potential biomarkers for severe asthma.

3. Select personalized treatment approaches for severe asthma best suited to various phenotypes and endotypes.





Personalized Medicine in Severe Asthma Final Report - **Online Enduring Program – (3) Modules** Accreditation, Audience and Outcomes Strategy

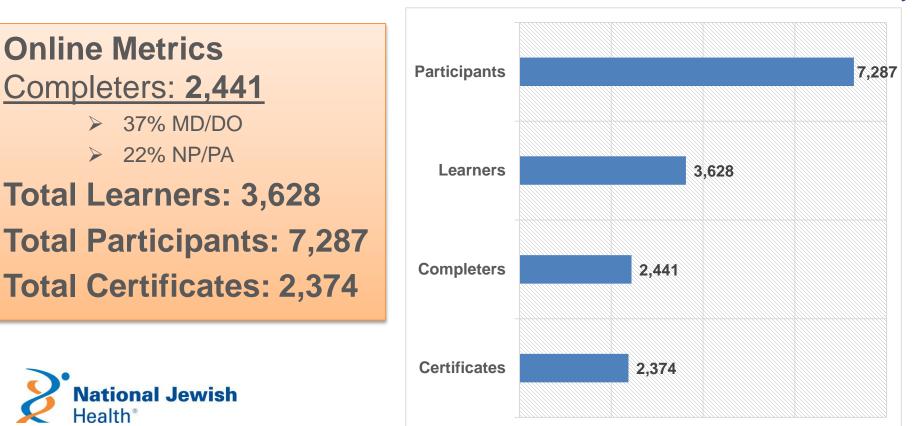
Accreditation Details: In support of improving patient care, NJH is accredited by the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education (ACCME) to provide continuing medical education for physicians. NJH is also accredited by the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE) and the California Board of Registered Nursing (CBRN) to provide continuing education for the healthcare team. *NJH has designated the online program for a maximum of 1.75 AMA PRA Category 1 Credits*™.

Target Audience: Primary Care Physicians, Community Pulmonologists and Allergists are the primary target audience. Allied health professionals involved in the management of severe asthma are the secondary target audience.

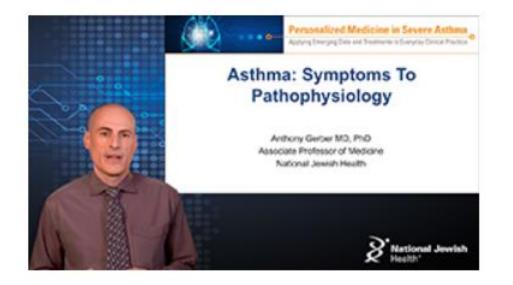
Educational Outcomes Strategy: Outcomes will be measured via participation totals, specialty, designation, pre-test, post-test, interactive polling questions, and evaluations. The metrics will demonstrate participation, satisfaction, learning, engagement and change in knowledge, and competency to achieve Moore's Level 4 outcomes.



Personalized Medicine in Severe Asthma Final Report - Online Enduring Program – (3) Modules Online Metrics Summary







Asthma: Symptoms to Pathophysiology (Module 1): ✓ Completers: 1,195 Total Learners: 1,929 Total Certificates: 1,162 Completion Rate: 62%

Module 1: Pathophysiology

CME Credit: .50

Learn about the key concepts in the pathophysiology of severe asthma.









Current and Emerging Asthma Therapies (Module 2): ✓ Completers: 799 Total Learners: 1,077 Total Certificates: 780 Completion Rate: 74%

Module 2: Current and Emerging Asthma Therapies

CME Credit: .50

Learn about recent clinical data of current and emerging therapies and potential biomarkers for severe asthma.







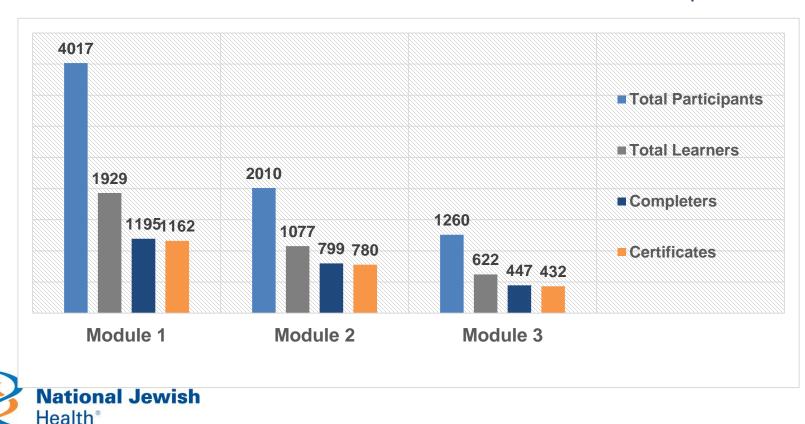
Roundtable Discussion on Personalized Treatment Approaches (Module 3) ✓ Completers: 447 Total Learners: 622 Total Certificates: 432 Completion Rate: 72%

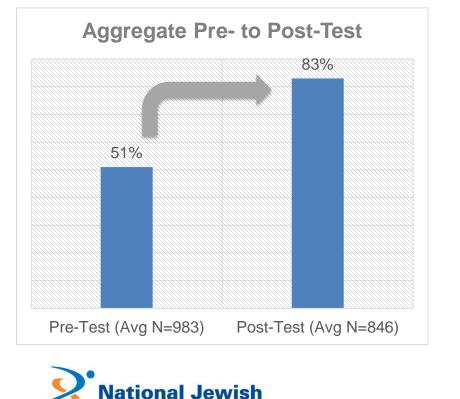
Module 3: Roundtable Discussion on Personalized Treatment Approaches

CME Credit: .75

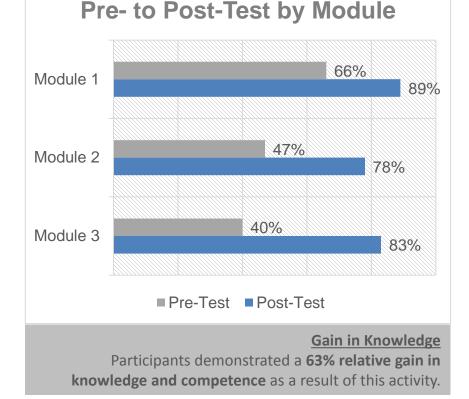
We pull together information from the first two modules using a multidisciplinary roundtable discussion with key opinion leaders.

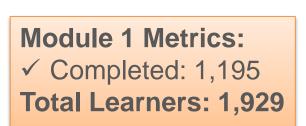
Personalized Medicine in Severe Asthma Final Report - **Online Enduring Program – (3) Modules** Participation Breakdown



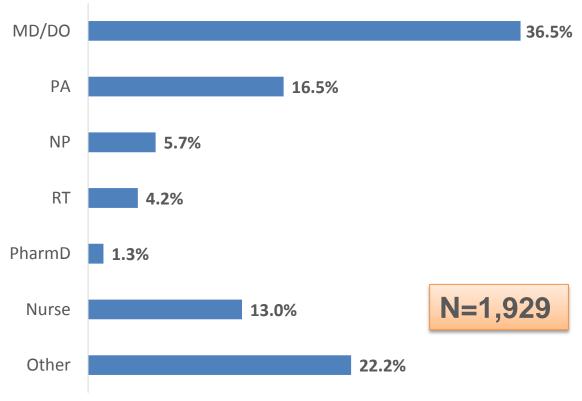


Health

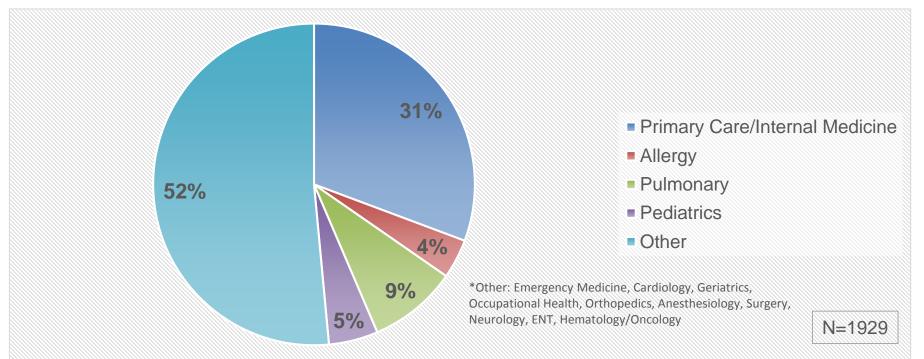




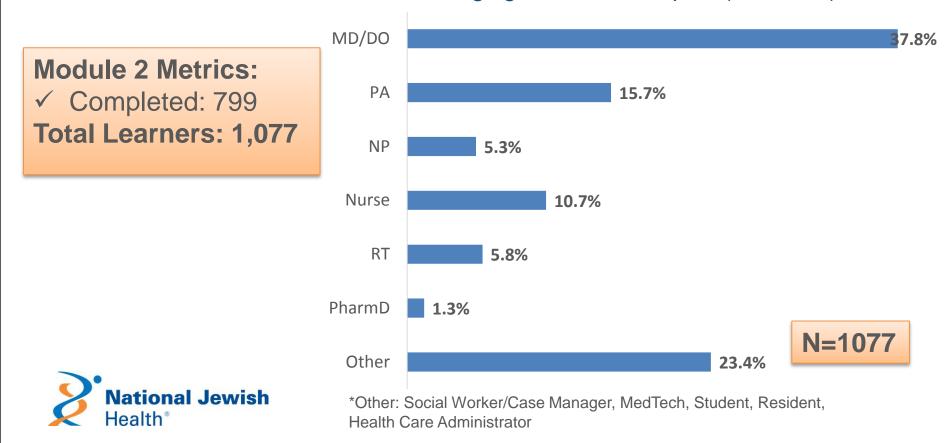


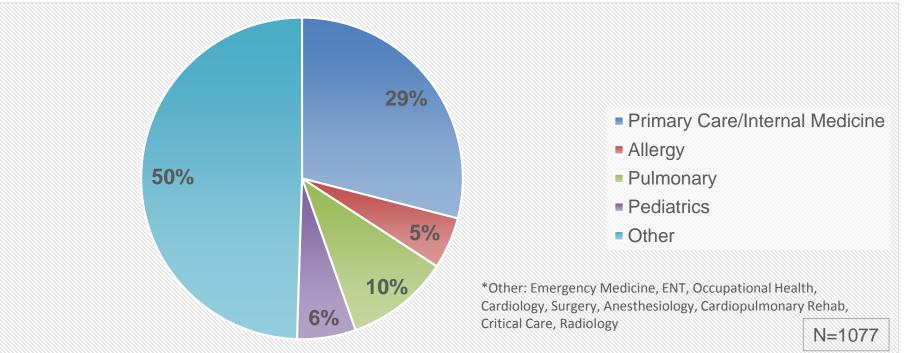


*Other: Researcher, Social Worker/Case Manager, MedTech, Student, Resident, Discharge Planner





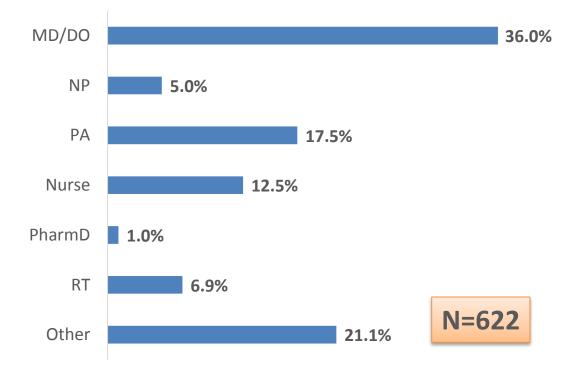






Roundtable Discussion on Personalized Treatment Approaches (Module 3): Learners

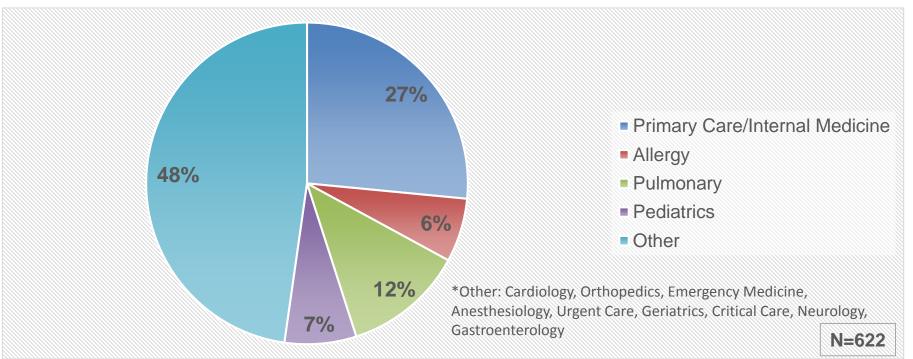
Module 3 Metrics: ✓ Completed: 447 Total Learners: 622





*Other: PT, Technologist, Student, Resident, Faculty/Educator

Personalized Medicine in Severe Asthma Final Report - Online Enduring Program – (3) Modules Roundtable Discussion on Personalized Treatment Approaches (Module 3): Learners

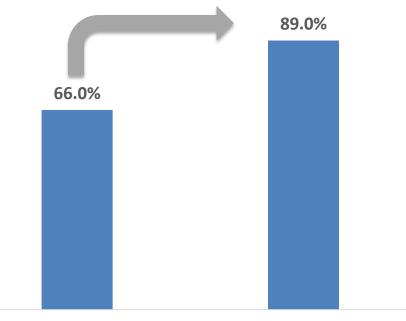






Module 1

Participants demonstrated a **35% increase in knowledge and competence** from pre-test to post-test.



Pre-test (Avg N=1571)

Post-test (Avg N=1244)



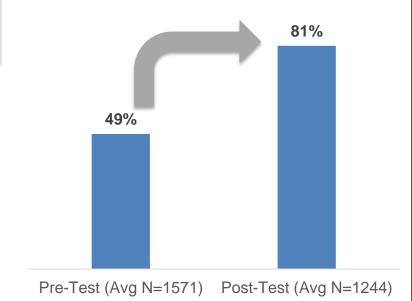


Module 1 Question 1

Participants demonstrated a 65% relative gain in knowledge and competence from pre-test to post-test.

Diagnosis of asthma requires which of the following?

- A. History of symptoms consistent with intermittent airway obstruction
- B. Physiologic testing confirming airway hyperresponsiveness or a response to bronchodilator
- C. Peripheral eosinophilia
- D. A and B
- E. A, B, and C



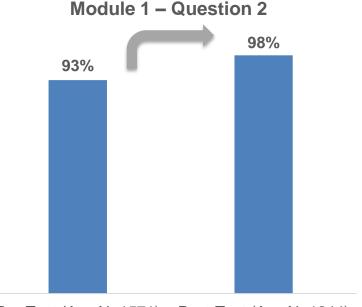




Module 1 Question 2

Participants demonstrated a **5% relative gain in knowledge and competence** from pre-test to posttest.

- 2. All patients with asthma have evidence of allergy based on history or lab testing
- 1) True
- 2) False



Pre-Test (Avg N=1571) Post-Test (Avg N=1244)



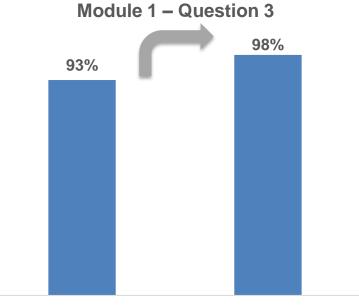


Module 1 Question 3

Participants demonstrated a **5% relative gain in knowledge and competence** from pre-test to post-test.

- 3. Which Of The Following Comorbid Conditions Can Make Asthma More Difficult To Treat?
- A. Esophageal Reflux
- B. Sinusitis
- C. Allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis
- D. A and C
- E. All of the above





Pre-Test (Avg N=1571) Post-Test (Avg N=1244)

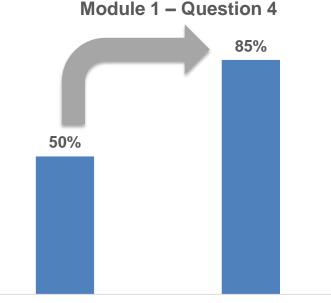


Module 1 Question 4

Participants demonstrated a **70% relative** gain in knowledge and competence from pre-test to post-test.

- 4. Airway abnormalities in asthma can include:
- A. Increased mucus secretion
- B. Thickening of the basement membrane in airways
- C. Reduced number and size of airway smooth muscle cells causing "floppy airways"
- D. All of the above
- E. A and B



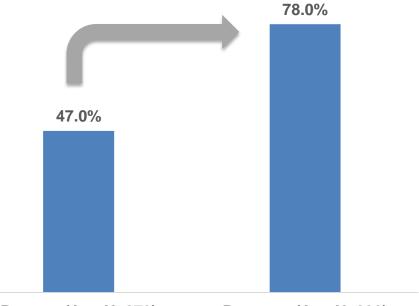


Pre-Test (Avg N=1571) Post-Test (Avg N=1244)



Module 2

Participants demonstrated a 66% relative increase in knowledge and competence from pre-test to post-test.



Pre-test (Avg N=879)

Post-test (Avg N=830)

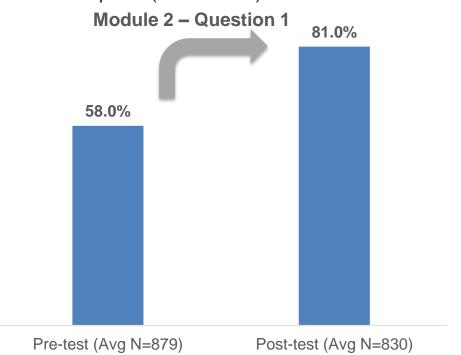




Module 2 Question 1

Participants demonstrated a **40% relative gain in knowledge and competence** from pre-test to posttest.

- 1. Which of the following describes an asthma endotype?
- A. Asthma in the elderly
- B. Obese asthma
- C. IL-5 mediated asthma
- D. Nocturnal asthma
- E. Occupational asthma



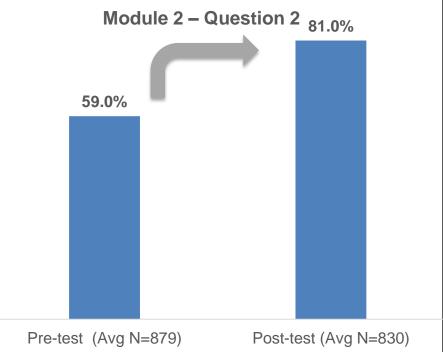




Module 2 Question 2

Participants demonstrated a **37% relative gain in knowledge and competence** from pre-test to post-test.

- 2. Which of the following is NOT a FDA approved biologic agent?
- A. Omalizumab
- B. Mepolizumab
- C. Dupilumab
- D. Reslizumab
- E. Tralokinumab







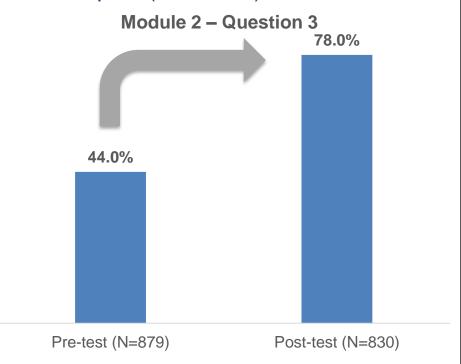
Module 2 Question 3

Participants demonstrated a **77% relative gain in knowledge and competence** from pre-test to posttest.

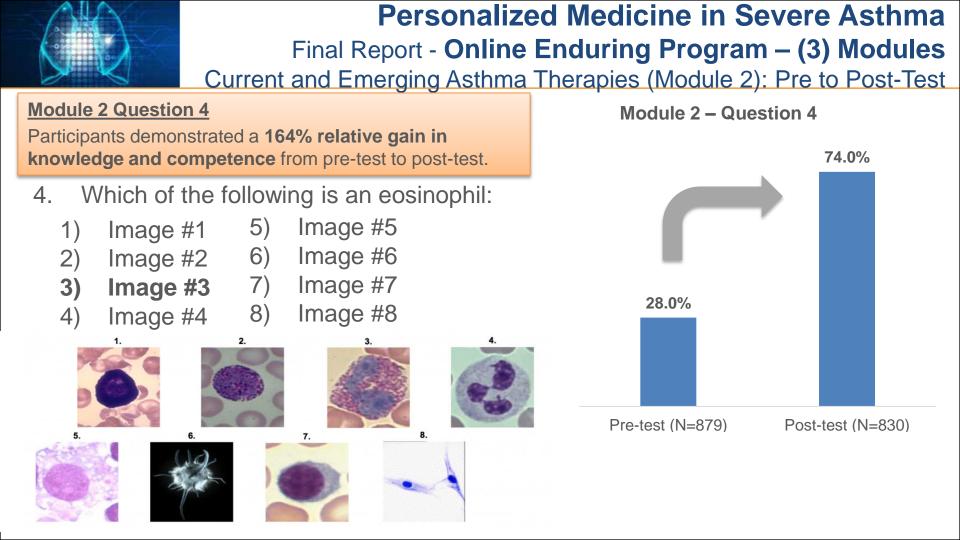
3. Which of the following monoclonal antibody targets is incorrect?

A. Tralokinumab IL17

- B. Mepolizumab IL5
- C. Dupilumab IL4/13
- D. Reslizumab IL5
- E. Benralizumab IL5R
- F. Omalizumab IgE



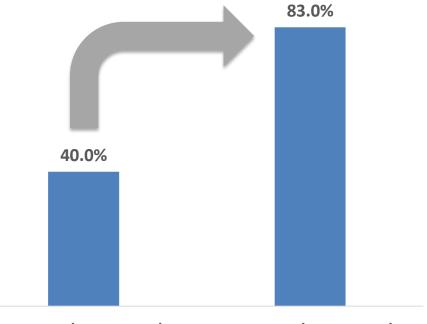






Module 3

Participants demonstrated a **107% relative increase in knowledge and competence** from pre-test to post-test.



Pre-test (Avg N=499)

Post-test (Avg N=465)

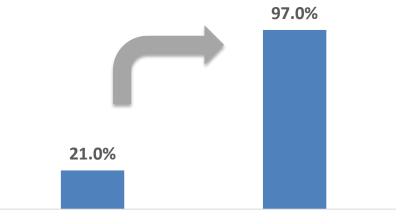


Roundtable Discussion on Personalized Treatment Approaches (Module 3): Pre to Post-Test

Module 3 Question 1

Participants demonstrated a **362% relative gain in knowledge and competence** from pre-test to post-test.

- 1) How Would You Classify The Patient's Asthma Using EPR-3?
- A. Mild Intermittent
- B. Mild Persistent
- C. Moderate Persistent
- **D. Severe Persistent**



Module 3 – Question 1

Pre-test (Avg N=499) Post-test (Avg N=465)





Roundtable Discussion on Personalized Treatment Approaches (Module 3): Pre to Post-Test

Module 3 Question 2

Participants demonstrated a **133% relative gain in knowledge and competence** from pre-test to posttest.

- 2) Which Of The Following Clinical Criteria Factor Into The "Risk" Aspect Of Classifying Asthma Control?
- A. Asthma Control Test (ACT) score
- B. Number of prednisone bursts in the past year
- C. Frequency of nighttime awakenings
- D. Frequency of albuterol use
- E. Assessment of lung function (%predicted FEV1 or %personal best peak flow)



Module 3 – Question 2





Roundtable Discussion on Personalized Treatment Approaches (Module 3): Pre to Post-Test

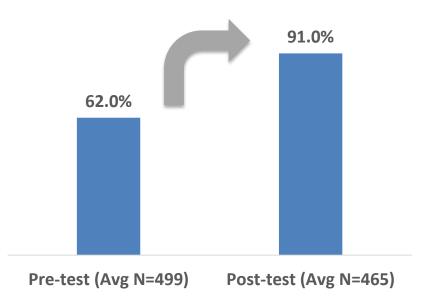
Module 3 Question 3

Participants demonstrated a **47% relative gain in knowledge and competence** from pre-test to post-test.

- 3) Which Of The Following Blood Tests Is A Commercially Available Biomarker That Is Helpful In Determining Asthma Phenotype/Endotype?
- A. Absolute lymphocyte count
- B. Periostin level
- C. Total IgE level
- D. DPP4 (dipeptidyl peptidase 4)
- E. Exhaled nitric oxide



Module 3 – Question 3



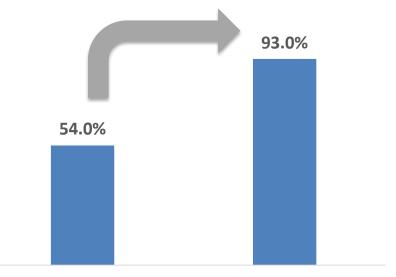


Roundtable Discussion on Personalized Treatment Approaches (Module 3): Pre to Post-Test

Module 3 Question 4

Participants demonstrated a **72% relative gain in knowledge and competence** from pre-test to posttest.

- 4) Based On What You Know Of Our Patient, Which Endotype Of Phenotype Would Best Characterize Our Patient?
- 1) Late-onset asthma
- 2) Th2 high
- 3) Th2 low
- 4) Neutrophilic asthma



Module 3 – Question 4

Pre-test (Avg N=499) Post-test (Avg N=465)





Roundtable Discussion on Personalized Treatment Approaches (Module 3): Pre to Post-Test

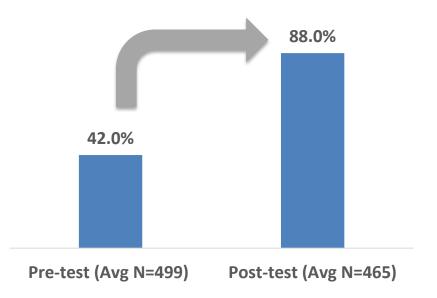
Module 3 Question 5

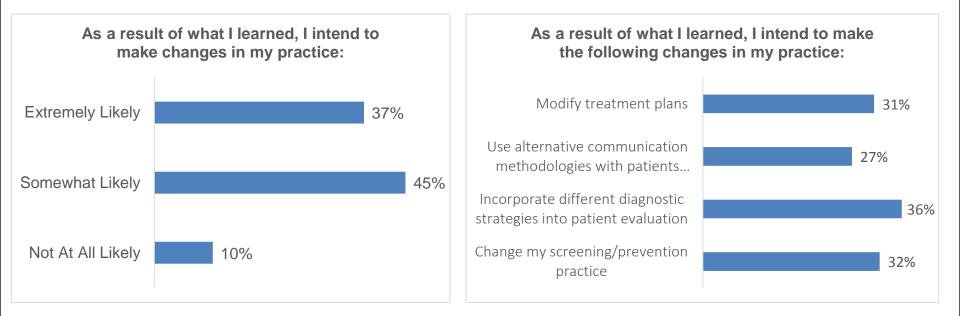
Participants demonstrated a **109% relative gain in knowledge and competence** from pre-test to posttest.

- 5) Which Of The Following Biologic Agents Are Approved For The Treatment Of Severe Persistent Asthma Characterized As Th2 High?
- 1) Mepolizumab
- 2) Lebrikizumab
- 3) Dupilumab
- 4) Benralizumab
- 5) Tralokinumab



Module 3 – Question 5



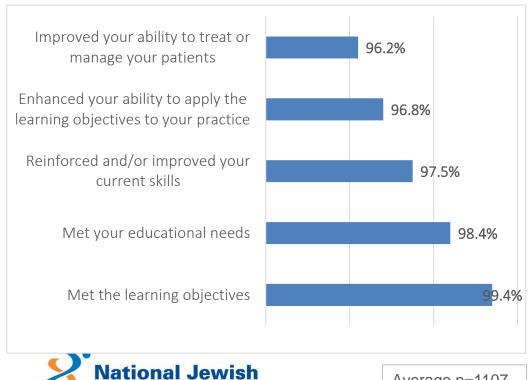




Module 1: 82% of Participants reported that they were somewhat or extremely likely to make a change in their practice (average N= 1107)

Average n=1107

Participants report that the activity was 'Excellent' to 'Good' at:



Health

Evaluation (Module 1)

- ✓ 99% of participants report the activity was presented without commercial bias
- ✓ 99% of participants report the activity was evidence-based and clinically relevant
- 92% of participants report the activity addressed strategies for overcoming barriers to optimal patient care

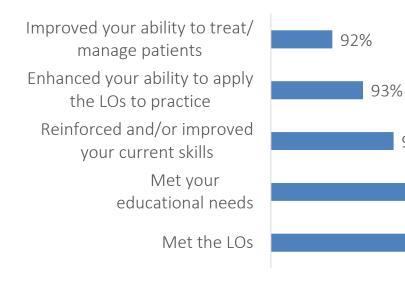


As a result of what I learned, I intend to make As a result of what I learned, I intend to make changes in my practice: the following changes in my practice: Extremelv Modify treatment plans 40% 36% Likelv Use alternative communication 26% Somewhat methodologies with patients and... 50% Likelv Incorporate different diagnostic 33% strategies into patient evaluation Not At All 14% Likelv Change my screening/prevention 29% practice



Module 2: 86% of Participants reported that they were somewhat or extremely likely to make a change in their practice (average N=790)

Participants report that the activity was 'Excellent' to 'Good' at:



Evaluation (Module 2)

- 99% of participants report the activity was presented without commercial bias
- 99% of participants report the activity was evidence-based and clinically relevant
- 93% of participants report the activity addressed strategies for overcoming barriers to optimal patient care



Average n=790

96%

96%

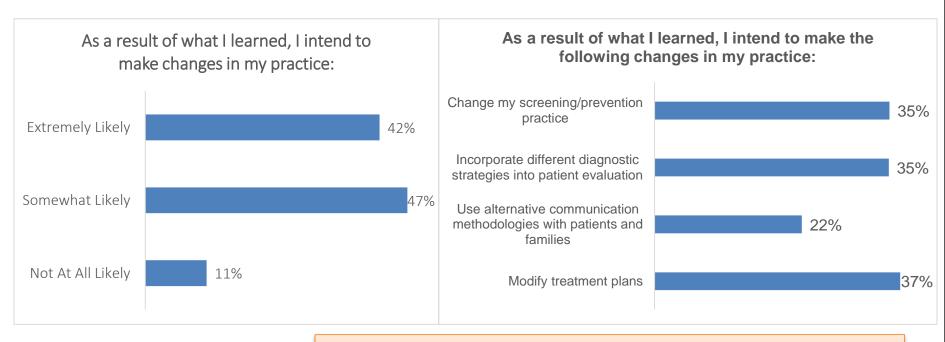
94%



Personalized Medicine in Severe Asthma

Final Report - Online Enduring Program – (3) Modules

Roundtable Discussion on Personalized Treatment Approaches (Module 3): Online Evaluations

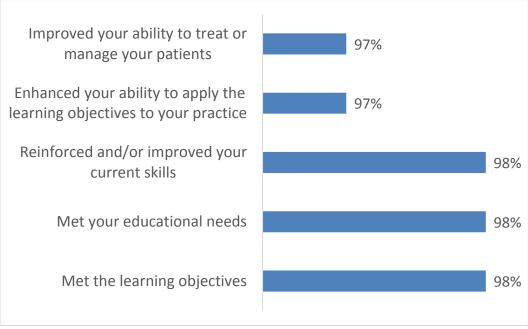




Module 3: 89% of Participants reported that they were somewhat or extremely likely to make a change in their practice (average N= 425)

Roundtable Discussion on Personalized Treatment Approaches (Module 3): Online Evaluations

Participants report that the activity was 'Excellent' to 'Good' at:





- 99% of participants report the activity was presented without commercial bias
- 99% of participants report the activity was evidencebased and clinically relevant
- ✓ 96% of participants report the activity addressed strategies for overcoming barriers to optimal patient care



Average N=425



Personalized Medicine in Severe Asthma

Applying Emerging Data and Treatments to Everyday Clinical Practice

Thank you for your support of this educational initiative!

